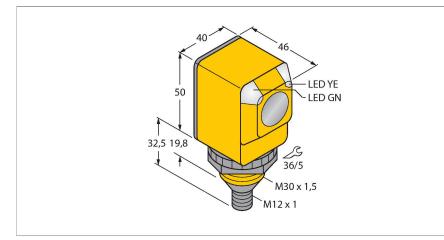


Q40AW3RQ1 Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Receiver)



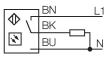
Technical data

Туре	Q40AW3RQ1
ID no.	3033402
Optical data	
Function	Opposed mode sensor
Operating mode	Receiver
Range	060000 mm
Electrical data	
Operating voltage	20250 VAC
AC rated operational current	≤ 200 mA
Output function	Light operation, Relay output
Switching frequency	≤ 40 Hz
Readiness delay	≤ 100 ms
Response time typical	< 16 ms
Mechanical data	
Design	Rectangular, Q40
Dimensions	Ø 30 x 46 x 40.1 x 82.5 mm
Housing material	Plastic, Thermoplastic material
Lens	plastic, Polycarbonate
Electrical connection	Connectors, 1/2", PVC
Number of cores	4
Ambient temperature	-40+70 °C
Protection class	IP69
Special features	Encapsulated Wash down
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Switching state	LED, Yellow

Features

M12 × 1 Micro male connector (AC), 4-pin
Protection classes IP67/IP69K
Ambient temperature: -40 °C...+70 °C

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite each other so that the light from the emitter is aimed directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. An excellent contrast between light and dark conditions and an extremly high excess gain are typical of this sensing mode, thus allowing operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions. Excess gain curve

Excess gain in relation to the distance



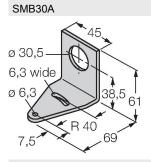
Technical data

Tests/approvals

Approvals

CE, UL, CSA

Accessories



3032723 Mounting bracket, rectangular, stainless steel, for sensors with 30mm thread



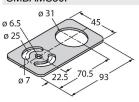
3011185

Mounting bracket, stainless steel, for M10 x 1.5 thread, thread length 30 $\,$ mm

SMB30SC 12,7 66,5 07 50,8 29

3052521 Mounting bracket, PBT black, for sensors with 30 mm thread, rotatable

SMBAMS30P



3073135

Mounting bracket, stainless steel, for sensors with 30 mm thread