

# S12-2RPRL-2M Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Receiver)



#### Features

Cable, PVC, 2 m, black
Protection class IP67
Range: 20 m
PNP switching output, dark operation
Operating voltage: 10...30 VDC

#### Wiring diagram



### Technical data

Optical data unction O	Dpposed mode sensor
unction O	
perating mode R	Receiver
	(ecciver
Vavelength 8	380 nm
ange 0	020000 mm
lectrical data	
perating voltage 1	030 VDC
lo-load current <	15 mA
Putput function N	NO contact, dark operation, PNP
witching frequency <	55 Hz
leadiness delay ≤	s 1 s
teadiness delay ≤	1 ms
esponse time typical <	< 11 ms
lechanical data	
esign T	hreaded barrel, S12-2
vimensions Ø	ð 12 x 30.4 mm
lousing material P	Plastic, Thermoplastic material
ens L	exan, Polycarbonate
lectrical connection C	Cable, 2 m, PVC
lumber of cores 3	3
Core cross-section 0	0.34 mm <sup>2</sup>
mbient temperature -2	25+50 °C
rotection class IF	P67
pecial features E	Encapsulated
ower-on indication	ED, Green

## Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite to each other whereby the emitted light aims directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. The excellent light/dark contrast and the high excess gain allow operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions.

### **Excess Gain Curve**





# Technical data

Switching state	LED, Yellow
Error indication	LED, green, Flashing
Excess gain indication	LED
Tests/approvals	