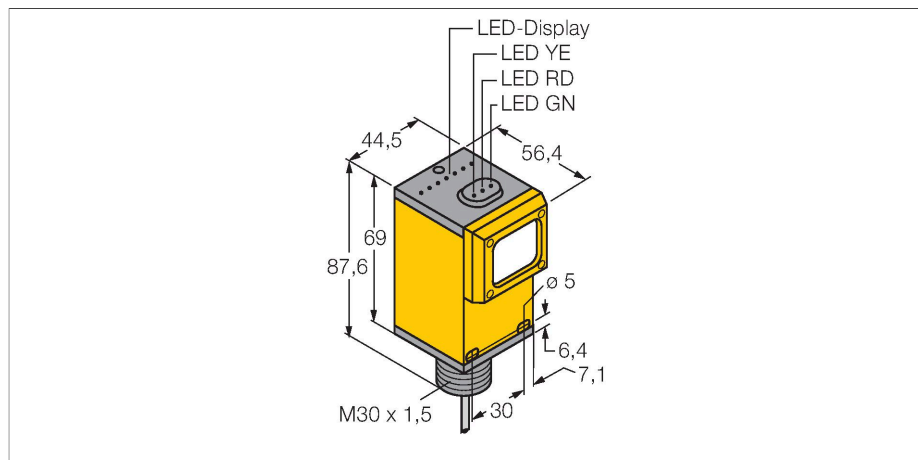


# Q452E

## Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Emitter)



### Technical data

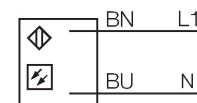
Type	Q452E
ID no.	3035442
<b>Optical data</b>	
Function	Opposed mode sensor
Operating mode	Emitter
Light type	IR
Wavelength	880 nm
Range	0...60000 mm
<b>Electrical data</b>	
Operating voltage	90...250 VAC
No-load current	≤ 50 mA
Readiness delay	≤ 0 ms
<b>Mechanical data</b>	
Design	Rectangular, Q45
Dimensions	Ø 30 x 56.4 x 44.5 x 87.6 mm
Housing material	Plastic, Thermoplastic material
Lens	plastic, Acrylic
Electrical connection	Cable, 2 m, PVC
Number of cores	2
Core cross-section	0.34 mm <sup>2</sup>
Ambient temperature	-40...+70 °C
Protection class	IP67
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Excess gain indication	LED
<b>Tests/approvals</b>	
MTTF	67 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C



### Features

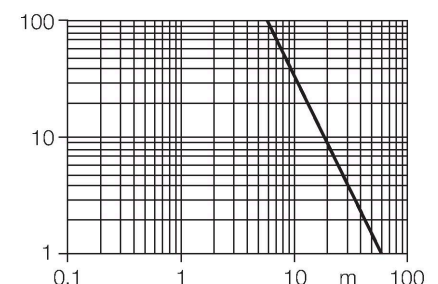
- Cable, PVC, 2 m
- Protection class IP67
- Operating voltage: 90...250 VAC

### Wiring diagram



### Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite each other so that the light from the emitter is aimed directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. An excellent contrast between light and dark conditions and an extremely high excess gain are typical of this sensing mode, thus allowing operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions. Excess gain curve  
Excess gain in relation to the distance

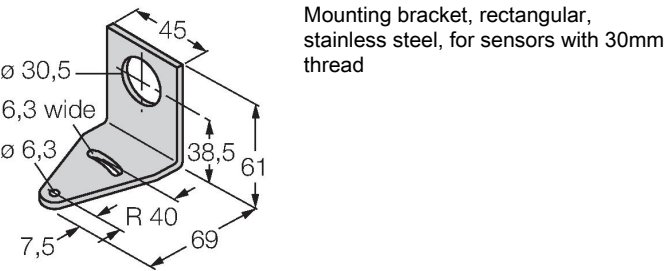


Technical data

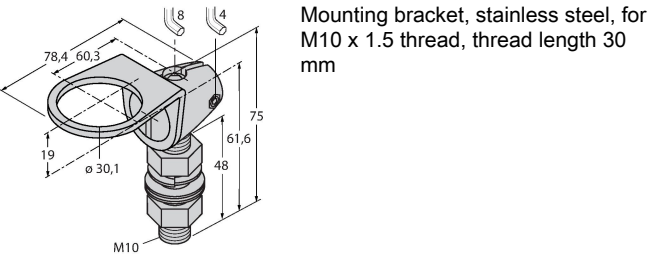
Approvals	CE, cURus, CSA
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Accessories

SMB30A	3032723
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SMB30FAM10	3011185
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SMB30SC	3052521
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